

# ABL and Pyroconvection: 2021 Fire Season Case Study in NE Iberia Peninsula

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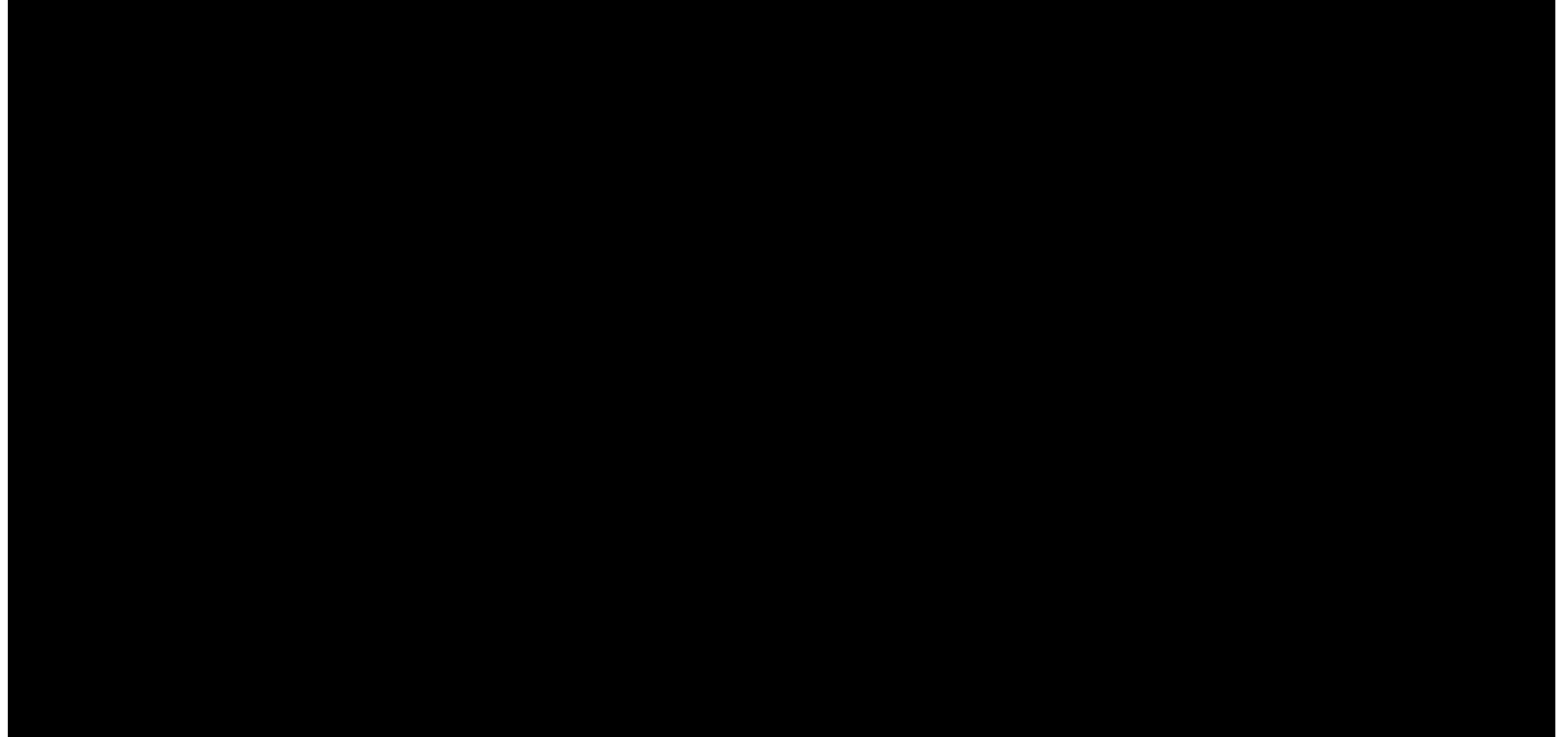
Catalan Fire Service

MAQ, Wageningen University and Research

# Different pyroconvection types

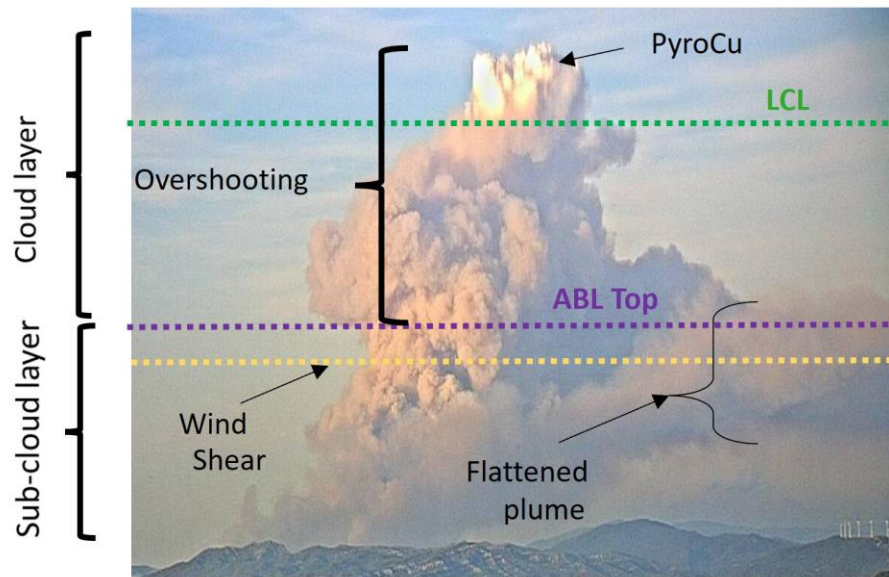


Pyroconvection phenomena suppose an extreme risk for firefighters and civilians

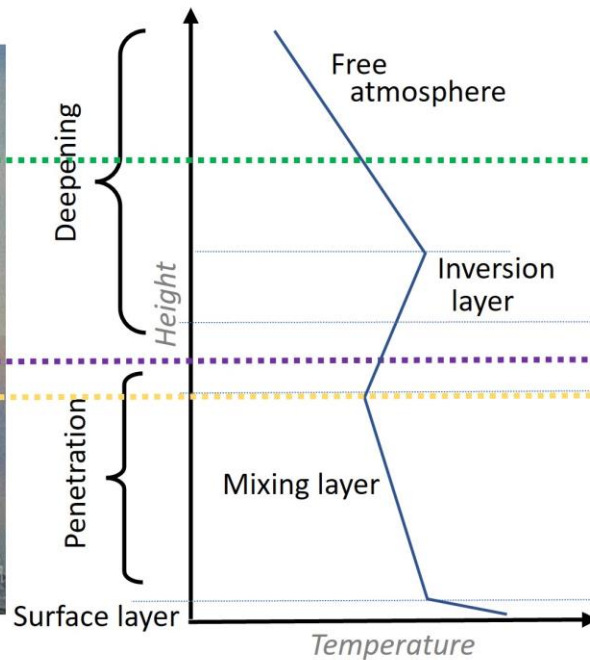


# Can we characterize pyroconvection prototypes?

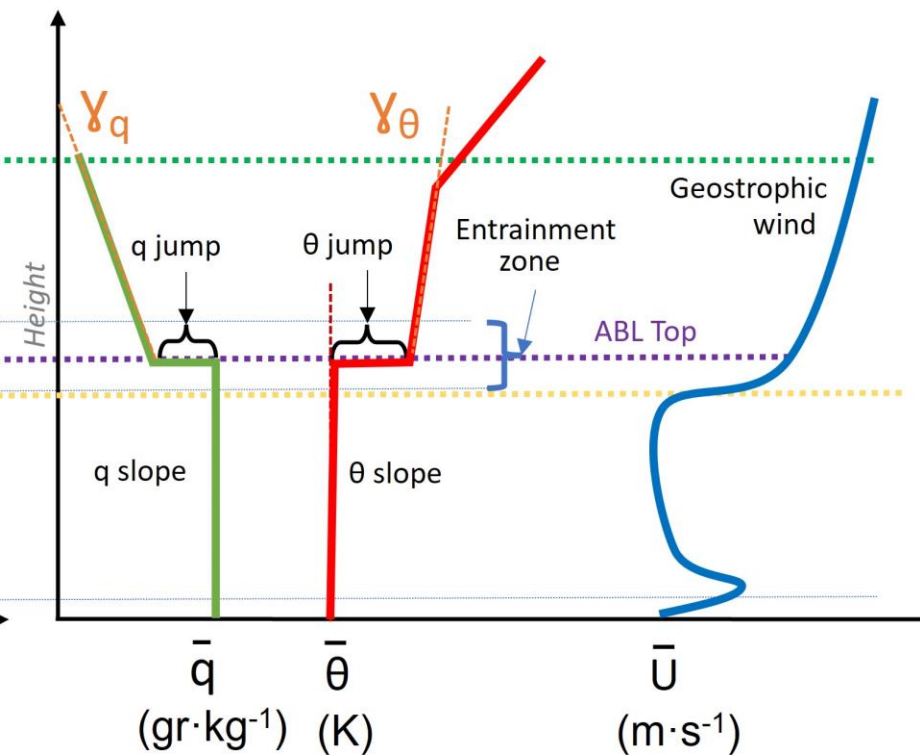
a) Observation capacity example



b) Stages Scheme

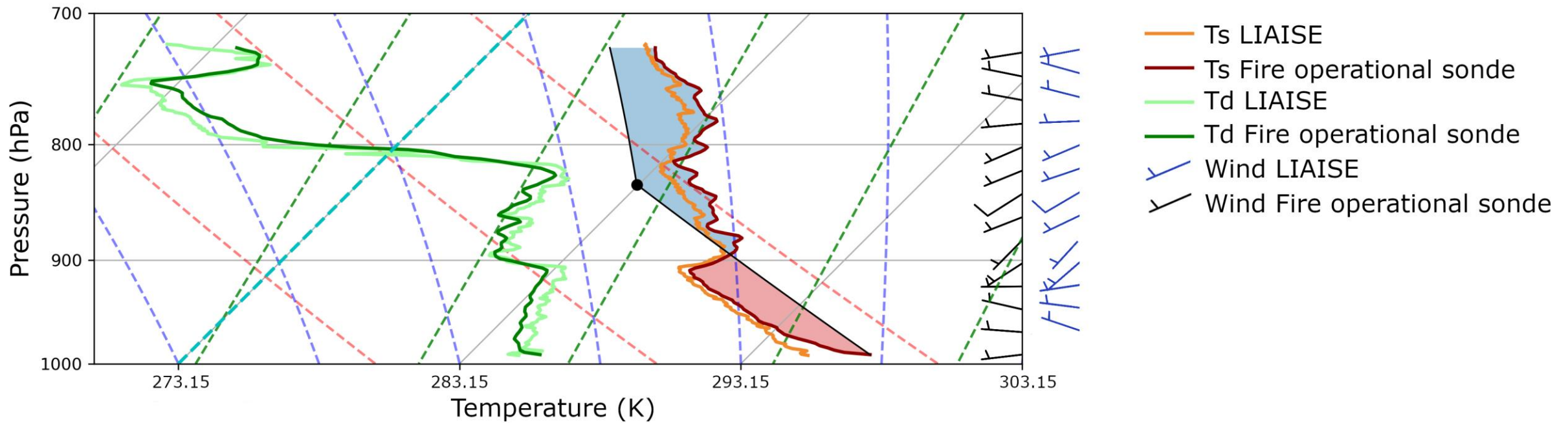


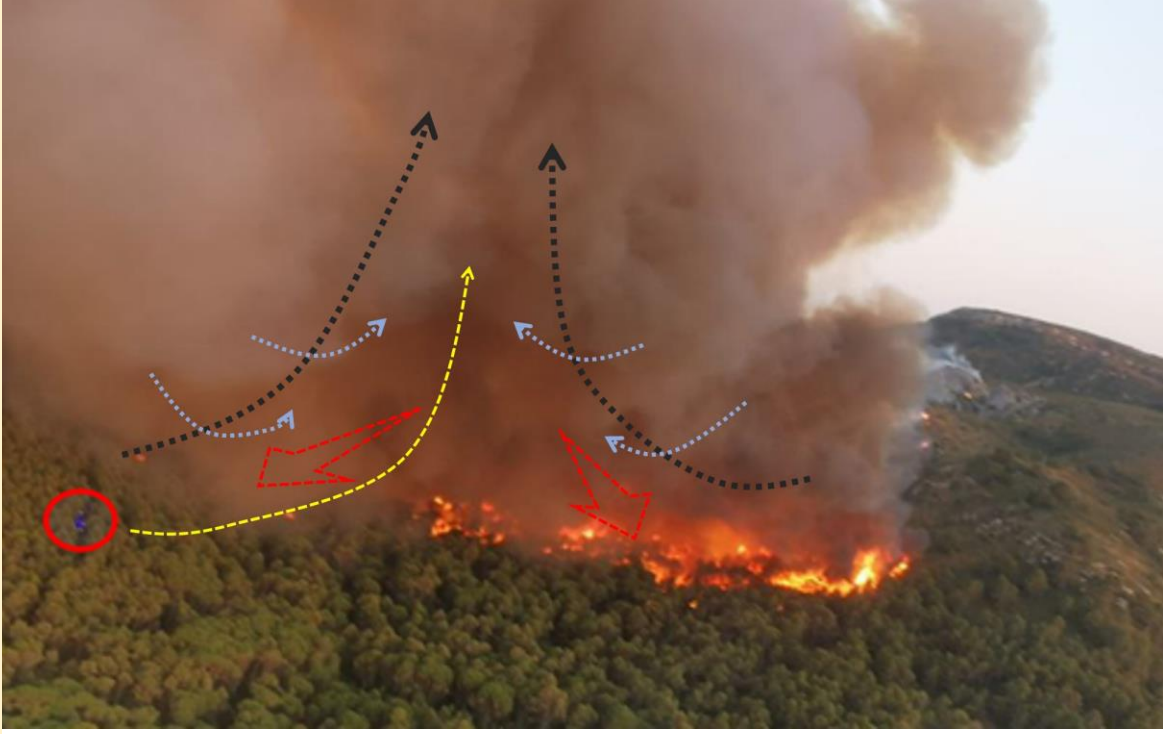
c) Mixed layer simplification



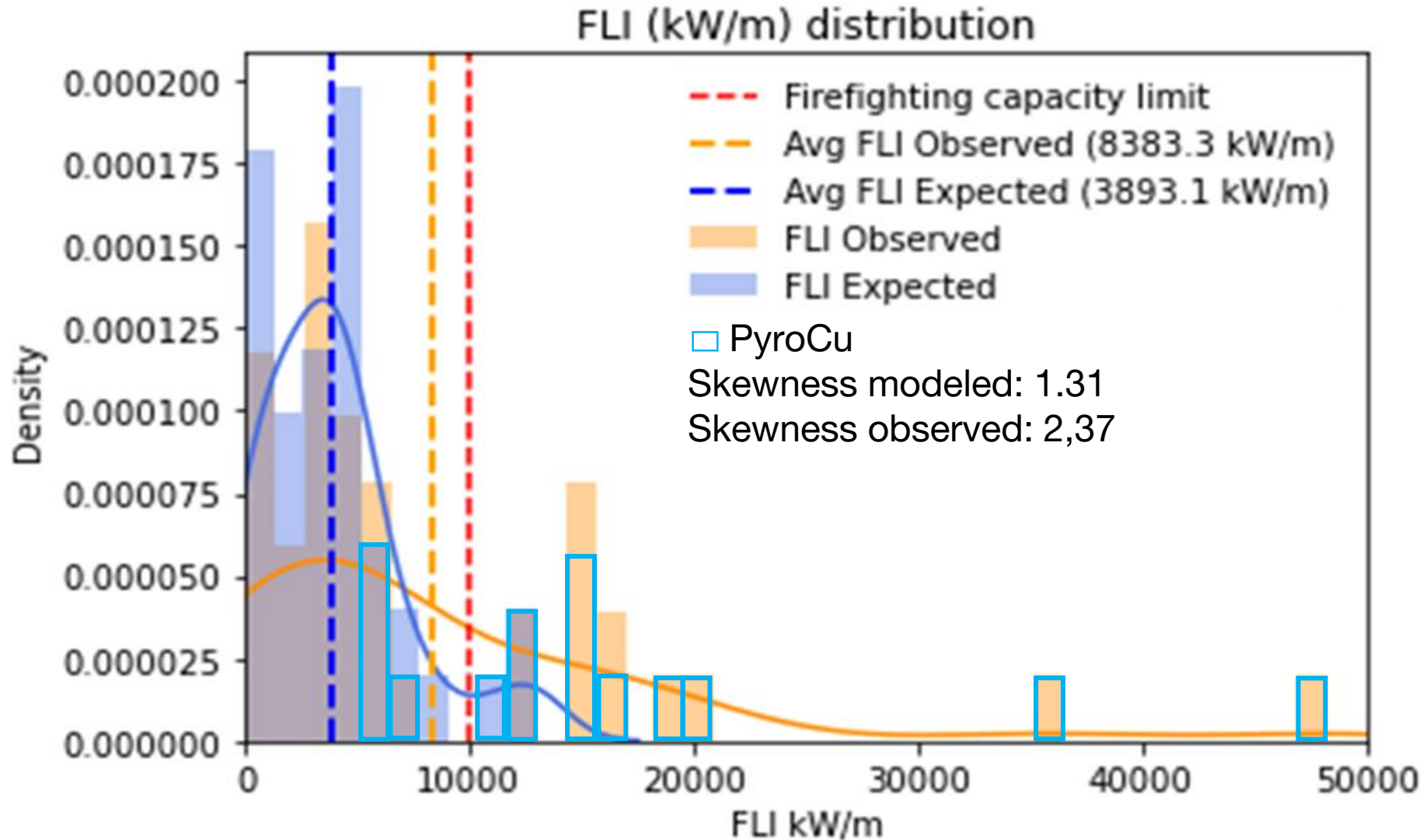
We propose a field campaign of observation and in-plume measurement of Pyroconvection events:

- Observe plume and atmosphere interaction
- Measure fire ABL with in-plume sondes
- Compare fireABL with modeled ABL (ECMWF ERA 5)
- Identify pyroconvection induced changes on fire behavior

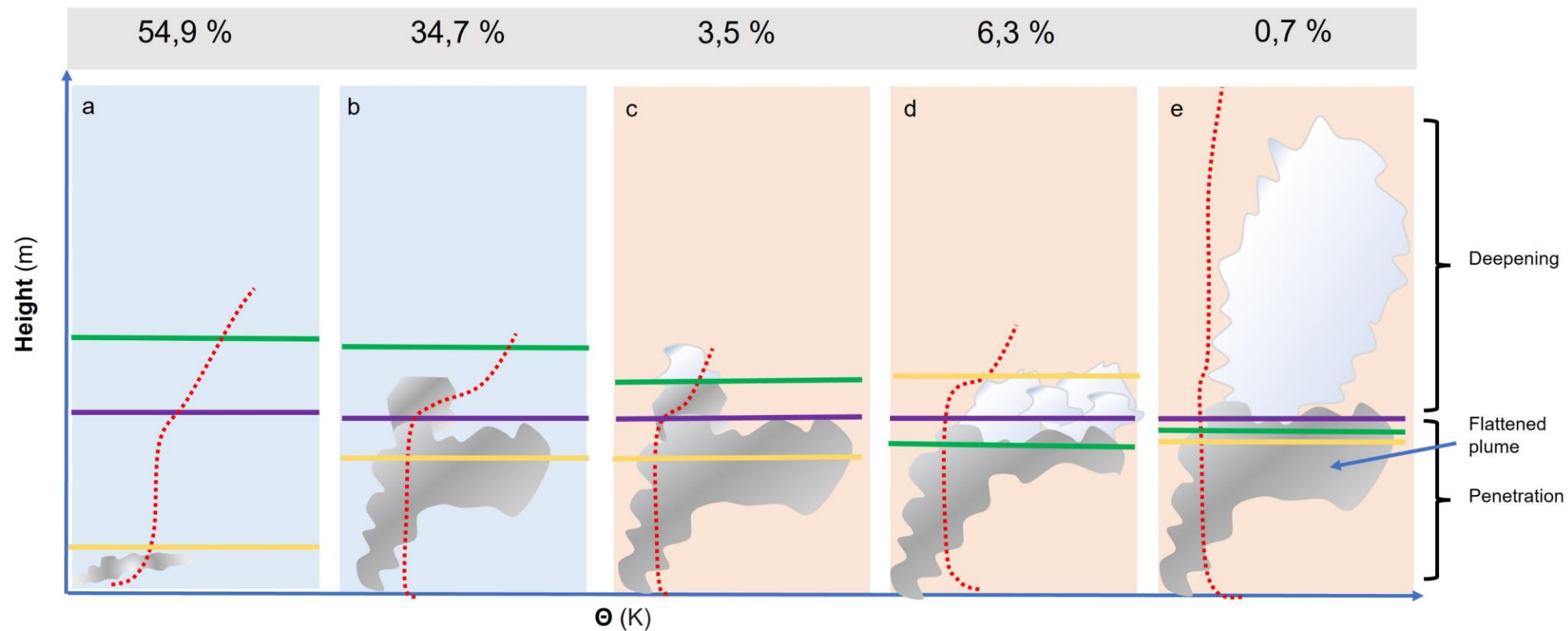




# Pyroconvection prototypes are increasing the observed fireline intensity

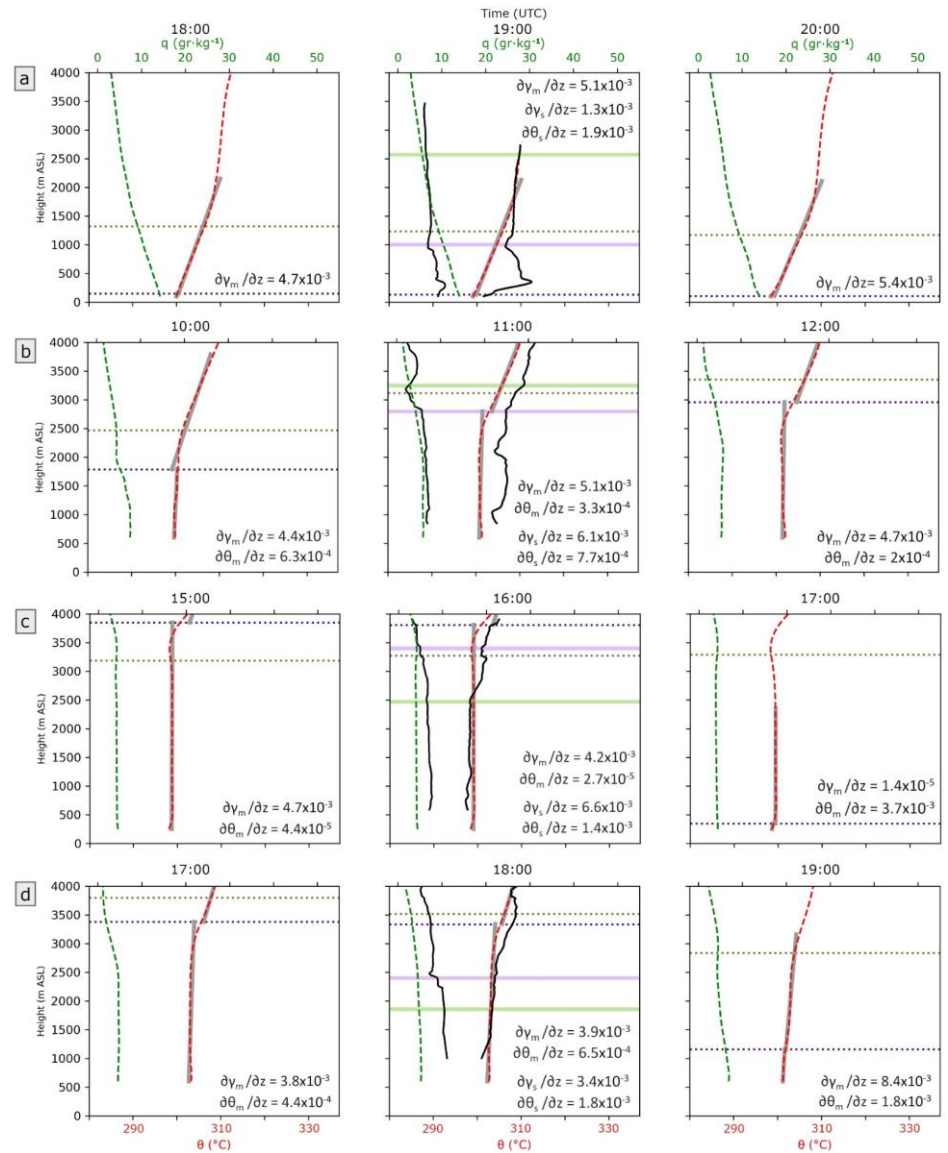


# Observational Pyroconvection types depend on turbulence on top of ABL





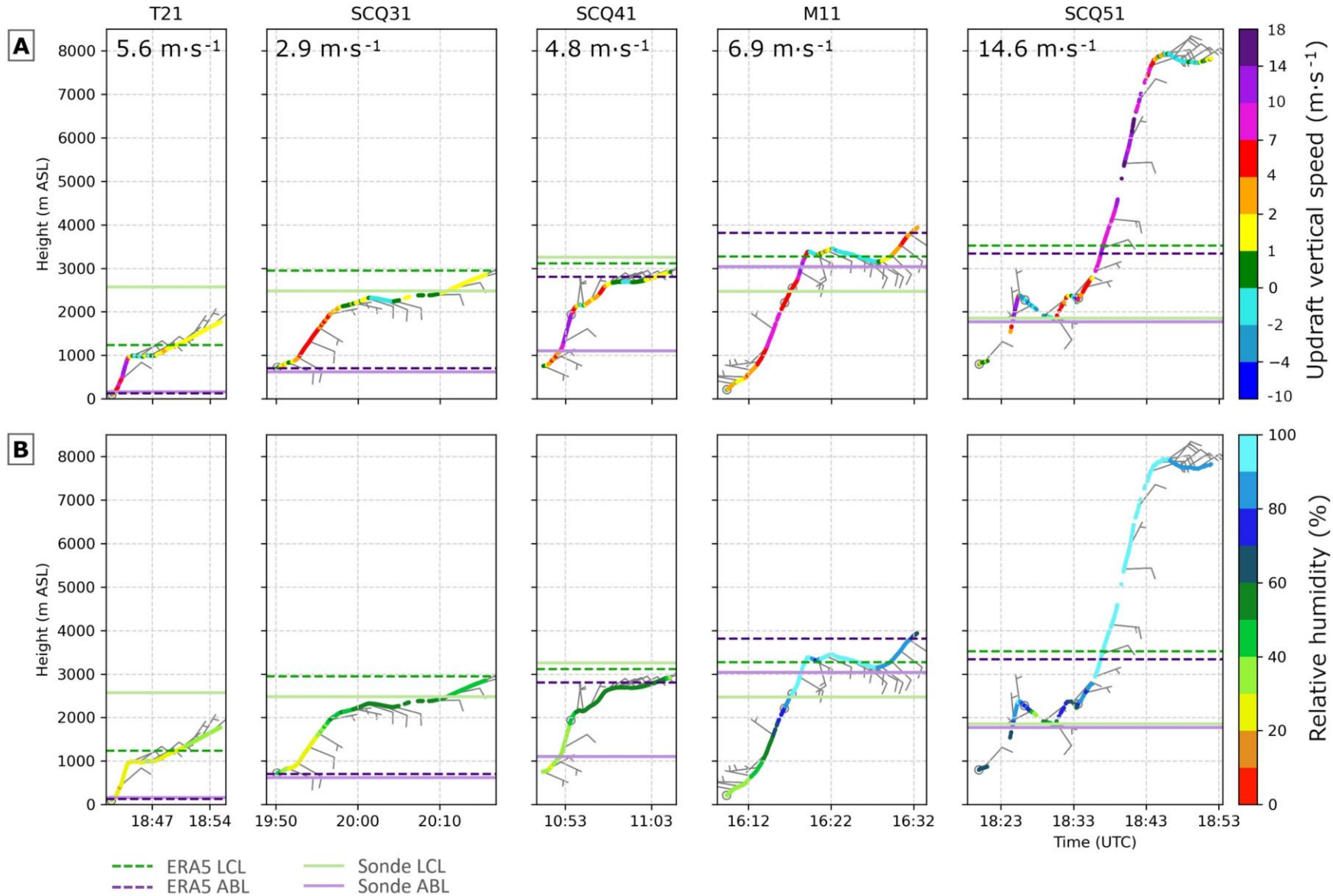
# Fire-Induced changes on ABL separates Type of pyroconvection



Dry convection

Moist convection

# The type of pyroconvection determines plume height and updraft speed



# Pyroconvection effect on Fire behavior

